DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 951116270-530802; I.D. 102896C]

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder Fishery

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Commercial quota harvest.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces that the summer flounder commercial quota available to the Commonwealth of Virginia (Virginia) has been harvested. Vessels issued a commercial Federal fisheries permit for the summer flounder fishery may not land summer flounder in Virginia for the remainder of calendar year 1996, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer. Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery require publication of this notification to advise that the quota has been harvested and to advise vessel and dealer permit holders that no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in that state.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 31, 1996, through December 31, 1996. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Regina Spallone, Fishery Policy Analyst, 508–281–9221.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations governing the summer flounder fishery are found at 50 CFR part 648, subparts A and G. The regulations require annual specification of a commercial quota that is apportioned among the states from North Carolina through Maine. The process to set the annual commercial quota and the percentage allocated to each state is described in § 648.100. Amendment 7 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Summer Flounder Fishery (November 24, 1995, 60 FR 57955) revised the fishing mortality rate reduction schedule for summer flounder, and the revised schedule was the basis for establishing the 1996 quota. The total commercial quota for summer flounder for the 1996 calendar year was adopted to ensure achievement of the fishing mortality rate of 0.41 for 1996 and is set equal to 11,111,298~lb~(5,040,000~kg)~(January~4,1996, 61 FR 291). The percentage allocated to vessels landing summer flounder in Virginia is 21.31676 percent or 2,368,569 lb (1,074,365 kg). On

March 13, 1996 (61 FR 10286), the State of North Carolina transferred 5,773 lb (2,619 kg) of summer flounder quota to Virginia. The resulting quota for Virginia was 2,374,342 lb (1,076,983 kg).

Section 648.100(d) provides that any overages of the commercial quota landed in any state be deducted from that state's annual quota for the following year. In calendar year 1995, a total of 3,355,838 lb (1,522,183 kg) were landed in Virginia. The amount allocated for Virginia landings in 1995 was 3,182,177 lb (1,443,411 kg), creating an overage of 173,661 lb (78,771 kg) that was deducted from the amount allocated for landings in that state during 1996 (April 5, 1996, 61 FR 15199). The resulting 1996 quota for Virginia is 2,200,681 lb (998,212 kg).

Section 648.101(b) requires the Regional Administrator, Northeast Region (Regional Administrator) to monitor state commercial quotas and to determine when a state commercial quota has been harvested. The Regional Administrator is further required to publish a notification in the Federal Register advising a state and notifying Federal vessel and dealer permit holders that, effective upon a specific date, the state's commercial quota has been harvested and no commercial quota is available for landing summer flounder in that state. The Regional Administrator has determined that the 1996 summer flounder quota allocation for vessels landing in Virginia has been harvested.

The regulations at § 648.4(b) provide that Federal permit holders agree, as a condition of the permit, not to land summer flounder in any state that the Regional Administrator has determined no longer has commercial quota available. Therefore, effective October 31, 1996, through December 31, 1996, further landings of summer flounder in Virginia by vessels holding commercial Federal fisheries permits are prohibited for the remainder of the 1996 calendar year, unless additional quota becomes available through a transfer and is announced in the Federal Register. Federally permitted dealers are also advised that effective on October 31, 1996, through December 31, 1996, they may not purchase summer flounder from federally permitted vessels that land in Virginia for the remainder of the calendar year, or until additional quota becomes available.

Classification

This action is required by 50 CFR part 648 and is exempt from review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: October 30, 1996.

Gary C. Matlock,

Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 96–28362 Filed 10–31–96; 10:28

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50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 951227306-5306-01; I.D. 102996A]

Fisheries Off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Trip Limit Reductions

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Fishing restrictions; request for comments.

summary: NMFS announces further restrictions to the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery for yellowtail rockfish. This action is authorized by regulations implementing the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP), which governs the groundfish fishery off Washington, Oregon, and California. This restriction is intended to keep landings as close as possible to the 1996 harvest guideline for yellowtail rockfish.

DATES: Effective from 0001 hours (local time) November 1, 1996, until the effective date of the 1997 annual specifications and management measures for the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery, which will be published in the Federal Register. Comments will be accepted through November 20, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to William Stelle, Jr., Administrator, Northwest Region, National Marine Fisheries Service, 7600 Sand Point Way NE., BIN-C15700, Seattle, WA 98115–0070; or Hilda Diaz-Soltero, Administrator, Southwest Region, National Marine Fisheries Service, 501 West Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802–4213.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William L. Robinson at 206–526–6140; or Rodney McInnis at 310–980–4040.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following changes to routine management measures for yellowtail rockfish were recommended by the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), in consultation with the States of Washington, Oregon, and